



CORPORATE ENVIRONMENTAL ADVISORS, INC.

February 14, 1997

Bruce Linton  
VT DEC  
103 South Main Street  
West Building  
Waterbury, VT 05671-0404

RE: VT DEC SMS # 96-2060  
Christy's Market  
Route 100, West Dover, VT  
CEA File # 3016-96-2

Dear Mr. Linton:

Enclosed please find the Initial Site Investigation Report for the Christy's Market site on Route 100 in West Dover, VT. If you have any questions regarding this document, you can reach me at our Vermont branch office phone number (802) 295-5222.

Sincerely,

CEA, Inc.

Paul S. Renouf  
Branch Manager

PSR:ssl

Enc: Site Investigation Report

pc: Mr. Tom Wilburn  
Christy's Market  
27 Christy's Drive  
Brockton, MA

127 HARTWELL STREET  
WEST BOYLSTON, MA 01583  
PHONE: 508-835-8822  
FAX: 508-835-8812

REMEDICATION  
L.S.P. SERVICES  
SITE ASSESSMENTS  
EMERGENCY RESPONSE

FEB 16 10 33 AM '97



CORPORATE ENVIRONMENTAL ADVISORS, INC.

Feb 12 10:21 AM '97

**INITIAL  
SITE INVESTIGATION  
REPORT**

Christy's Market  
SMS # 96-2060  
Route 100  
West Dover, VT

Prepared for:  
Christy's Market, Inc.  
22 Christy's Drive  
Brockton, MA 02401

Prepared by:  
**CORPORATE ENVIRONMENTAL ADVISORS, INC.**  
P.O. Box 1246  
White River Junction, VT 05001  
(802) 295-5222

February 11, 1997  
CEA Ref. File #3016-96-2

127 HARTWELL STREET  
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REMEDIATION  
L.S.P. SERVICES  
SITE ASSESSMENTS  
EMERGENCY RESPONSE

## Executive Summary

Corporate Environmental Advisors, Inc. of White River Junction, Vermont, performed an environmental site investigation of the Christy's Market located on Route 100 in West Dover, Vermont. The purpose of the investigation was to define the degree and extent of soil and groundwater contamination at the site, and to identify sensitive receptors which might be impacted by such contamination.

On September 17, 1996 through September 19, 1996, CEA personnel observed the replacement and upgrading of fuel lines serving the five underground storage tanks (UST) on site. Single wall steel piping was replaced with double wall Enviro-flex piping. Soil samples were collected beneath the former piping and from the excavation sidewalls during soil excavation performed on the south side of the USTs. Soil samples were field screened with a Thermo Environmental Instruments Model 580B OVM photo-ionization detector (PID). The maximum concentration of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) detected during field screening was 341 ppm. Approximately 30 cubic yards were stockpiled on site.

Two soil borings were advanced at the site on October 29, 1996 and groundwater monitoring wells were installed in the borings (CEA-5 and CEA-6). Auger refusal was reached at 10 feet at CEA-5 and at 6.5 feet at CEA-6. Split-spoon soil samples were retrieved from the approximate level of groundwater and field screened with a PID. No VOCs were detected in the soil samples from the boring for monitoring well CEA-5 and a reading of 476 ppm was obtained from the soil sample from the boring for monitoring well CEA-6.

Laboratory analysis of groundwater samples from CEA-5 and CEA-6 along with the previously installed CEA-1, CEA-3 and MS-3 revealed the presence of BTEX and MTBE compounds in site groundwater. Depth to groundwater was measured to be between 3.63 and 4.50 below ground surface on October 30, 1996. Groundwater appears to flow in an easterly direction across the site.

Christy's Market is served by a private drinking water well and municipal sewer. There are numerous drinking water wells located within a half-mile radius of the site, including one that is located across Route 100 approximately 100 feet northeast of site. The site building does not have a basement. The North Branch of the Deerfield River is located approximately 125 feet northeast of the site.

Based on the data gathered to date, CEA recommends that: all existing monitoring wells be sampled on a quarterly basis; two addition downgradient monitoring wells be installed; a visual assessment of the North Branch of the Deerfield be conducted during sampling events; data be gathered on a drinking water well across Route 100; a bail test be conducted on three site monitoring wells; and the approximately 30 cubic yards of stockpiled soil be screened on a semi-annual basis.



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## 1. INTRODUCTION

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This investigation was conducted by Corporate Environmental Advisors, Inc. of White River Junction, Vermont (CEA) to define the degree and extent of soil and groundwater contamination at Christy's Market on Route 100, West Dover, Vermont ("the site") and to identify sensitive receptors which may be impacted by such contamination.

## 2. SITE DESCRIPTION

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### 2.1. The Site and Vicinity

Route 100 and Windy Hill Road. A Site locus based on the West Dover, Vermont USGS Topographical Quadrangle is presented in Attachment 1 of this report. The map shows the site to be at an elevation of approximately 1700 feet above mean sea level. The site is located at 42° 56' 37" N, 72° 51' 44" W.

The properties adjacent to the site consist primarily of commercial development with a vacation condominium development southwest of the site. Commercial development lies to the northwest, northeast and southeast of the site. See Attachment 4 for a complete list of abutting properties and a property owners mailing list. The North Branch of the Deerfield River is located approximately 125 feet northeast of the site. A Site Vicinity map, based on the West Dover Tax Map, is presented in Figure 2 of this report.



## 2.2. Site History

According to the West Dover Assessor's Office, the subject property has been used as a fuel dispensing station and market since 1985. Prior to that time the site was an undeveloped lot. In addition to Christy's Market, the on-site building is occupied by a Vermont State liquor store. The site is connected to the town sewage treatment plant. Water is supplied to the site by a private well located approximately 160 feet southwest of the southwest wall of the Market building.

*UPGRADED*

## 2.3 Project Background

On September 17, 1996 through September 19, 1996, CEA personnel observed the replacement and upgrading of fuel lines serving the five underground storage tanks (UST) on site. Single wall steel piping was replaced with double wall Enviro-flex piping. See Figure 3 for site layout and UST data.

*PCF*

Soil samples were collected beneath the former piping approximately every 20 linear feet. In addition, soil samples were collected from the excavation sidewalls during soil excavation performed on the south side of the USTs. Soil samples collected for field screening analysis were collected in clean laboratory provided containers and capped with aluminum foil. The samples were shaken and allowed to sit for several minutes prior to measuring volatile organic compounds (VOC) using a Thermo Environmental Instruments Model 580B OVM photo-ionization detector (PID). The PID was calibrated to an isobutylene standard prior to collecting the soil samples. Soil sample depth and PID readings are presented below in Table 1. Soil sample locations are illustrated on Attachment 3.

Table 1

Soil Sample location	Depth in Feet	PID Reading (ppm)
1	2	41
2	2	341
3	2	15
4	2	0
5	3	0
6	2.5	0
7	3	234
8	4	227
9	3	59
10	3	0
11	6	246
12	6	286
13	6	291
14	6	280
15	6	308
16	6	258
17	3	8

During excavation of the soil performed to replace the UST piping on September 17 through September 19, 1996, no soil staining or hydrocarbon odors were noted in excavated soils from the northern portion of the USTs or from the pipelines adjacent to the southern pump island. Soil staining and hydrocarbon odors were noted in the soil adjacent to the fill ports for the diesel fuel, super unleaded, and mid-grade unleaded USTs. This soil was excavated down to the top of each UST and stockpiled on and under polyethylene sheeting, pending remediation or disposal. Soil staining and hydrocarbon odors were noted beneath the UST piping located at the south end of the mid-grade unleaded and super unleaded USTs. Approximately 30 cubic yards of soil were excavated from beneath the former piping and stockpiled on and under polyethylene sheeting. PID analysis of soil samples collected from the sidewalls of the final excavation indicated levels of VOCs between 258 ppm and 308 ppm.

oversight  
?  
piping

2. SHOULD HAVE TRIED TO EXCAVATE TO 100.





### **3. SUBSURFACE EXPLORATIONS AND ANALYSES**

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#### **3.1. Monitoring Well Installation**

On July 17, 1990 Armour Shield Drilling installed two monitoring wells (MS-1 and MS-3) on the subject property for real estate purposes. See Attachment 1 for boring logs/monitoring well reports.

On May 14, 1993 CEA personnel, as part of a limited site assessment, installed four monitoring wells (CEA-1, CEA-2, CEA-3 and CEA-4) on the subject property for real estate purposes. See Attachment 1 for boring logs/monitoring well reports. Each of the borings were advanced to a depth of at least five feet into the observed groundwater table to allow access to soil and groundwater for collection and analysis.

Two soil borings were advanced at the site on October 29, 1996 and groundwater monitoring wells were installed in the borings (CEA-5 and CEA-6). The borings were advanced with a hollow stem auger drill rig by Drilex of West Boylston, MA and overseen by CEA personnel. During the advancement of the soil boring for monitoring well CEA-5, auger refusal was reached at approximately 10 feet below ground surface (bgs). During the advancement of the soil boring for monitoring well CEA-6, auger refusal was reached at approximately 6.5 feet bgs. Soil boring/monitoring well construction logs are presented in Attachment 1 of this report. Monitoring well locations are shown in the Groundwater Gradient with Analytical Data map in Figure 3.

#### **3.2. Field Screening of Soil Samples**

On July 17, 1990, field screening of soil samples with a PID during the installation of monitoring wells MS-1 and MS-2 revealed a maximum reading of 4.2 ppm at a depth of 6-7 feet in MS-1 and a maximum reading of 40.2 at a depth of 5 feet in MS-3.

On May 14, 1993, field screening of soil samples with a PID during the installation of monitoring wells CEA-1, CEA-2, CEA-3 and CEA-4 revealed a maximum reading of 6.0 ppm at 5-7 feet in CEA-1 and less than 1 ppm in CEA-2, CEA-3 and CEA-4.



During drilling on October 29, 1996, split-spoon soil samples were obtained from each of the boreholes and field screened for VOCs with a PID (Thermo Environmental Instruments model 580B OVM). Soil samples were retrieved from the approximate level of groundwater (approximately 5 feet bgs) to evaluate the extent of groundwater impact associated with the release. No VOCs were detected in the soil samples from the boring for monitoring well CEA-5. A reading of 476 ppm was obtained from the soil sample from the boring for monitoring well CEA-6.

### 3.3. Laboratory Analysis of Groundwater Samples

On October 30, 1996, groundwater samples were collected from monitoring wells CEA-1, CEA-3, CEA-5, CEA-6 and MS-3. Free phase product was observed in monitoring well CEA-2 and therefore no sample was collected. Groundwater samples were submitted for laboratory analysis for VOCs by EPA Method 8020 plus MTBE and Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) by EPA Method 8100M. Samples were obtained with standard plastic disposable bailers after the removal of three well volumes of water from each well. All samples were refrigerated and sent to Spectrum Analytical, Inc. in Agawam, Massachusetts for analysis. *How much*

Concentrations of contaminants detected are presented in Table 2 along with the corresponding VT DEC Groundwater Quality Enforcement Standards. The standard cited for MTBE is the Vermont Health Advisory Level (VHAL) because there is no Enforcement Standard for MTBE.

Contaminants tested for but not listed in Table 2 were not detected in the samples collected on October 30, 1996. In addition, results of the laboratory analysis from sampling events conducted in 1990 and 1993 have been included in the following table. A complete laboratory report for the October 30, 1996 sampling event is presented in Attachment 2.



Table 2

Date	Compound	Standard	CEA-1	CEA-2	CEA-3	CEA-4	CEA-5	CEA-6	MS-1	MS-2	MS-3
10/30/96	Benzene	5.0	43	FP	ND	NS	1.5	1,300	NS	NS	21
	Toluene	2420	7.9	FP	ND	NS	ND	2,400	NS	NS	4.2
	Ethylbenzene	680	33	FP	ND	NS	ND	230	NS	NS	18
	Xylenes	400	9.4	FP	ND	NS	ND	3,400	NS	NS	4.4
	MTBE	40	600	FP	ND	NS	21	3,600	NS	NS	370
	TPH	none	1	FP	7.3	NS	0.3	20	NS	NS	0.7
5/20/93	Benzene	5.0	12	ND	ND	ND			ND	ND	8
	Toluene	2420	ND	ND	ND	ND			ND	ND	ND
	Ethylbenzene	680	141	ND	ND	ND			ND	ND	158
	Xylenes	400	209	ND	ND	ND			ND	ND	209
	MTBE	40	118	ND	ND	ND			ND	ND	90
	TPH	none	ND	ND	ND	ND			ND	ND	ND
7/18/90	Benzene	5.0							<1	<1	40
	Toluene	2420							<1	<1	142
	Ethylbenzene	680							<1	2	<50
	Xylenes	400							<1	14	1,137
	MTBE	40							<1	<1	<50
	TPH	none							NS	NS	NS
<p>VOC results in ug/L and TPH results in mg/L  ND = Not Detected above detection limit of laboratory method.      FP = Free Phase Product  NS = Not sampled</p>											
Site drinking water well was sampled on May 20, 1993 via EPA Method 502.2 and TPH 418.1: VOC and TPH = ND											

## 4. SITE HYDROGEOLOGY

### 4.1. Surficial Geology

Soils encountered during drilling consisted primarily of fine to medium grained sand with some gravel. More detailed soil information is noted on the soil boring/monitoring well construction logs in Attachment 1 of this report. During the fuel line replacement and excavation soils were noted to consist of sand with some gravel and some minor layers of dense clay.

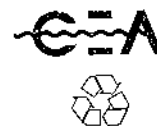
### 4.2. Groundwater Levels and Flow Direction

Depth to groundwater was measured at each well using an electronic interface probe accurate to 0.01 feet. Groundwater elevations are presented in Table 3. On October 30, 1996, groundwater elevations ranged from 91.10 feet in CEA-1 to 93.05 feet in CEA-3, representing 1.95 feet in change in groundwater elevation across the site. Groundwater flow direction was determined to be generally to the east. A groundwater gradient map constructed from the October 30, 1996 data is presented in Figure 3. During excavation at the site in September of 1996 groundwater was observed at an approximate depth of six feet below ground surface.

Table 3

Date		CEA-1	CEA-2	CEA-3	CEA-5	CEA-6	MS-3
10/30/96	Roadbox elevation	94.73	96.12	96.72	NS	NS	95.22
	Depth to GW	3.63	4.15	3.67	4.50	4.44	4.00
	GW elevation	91.10	91.97	93.05	NS	NS	91.22

The hydraulic gradient between CEA-3 and CEA-1 was calculated to be approximately 0.16 cm/cm. Based on an hydraulic conductivity value of  $10^{-2}$



0.0126  
cm/sec and an effective porosity estimate of 35% for sand, groundwater velocity was determined using the following variation of Darcy's Equation.

$GW_{vel} = \text{Hydraulic Gradient} \times \text{Hydraulic Conductivity} / \text{Effective Porosity}$

$GW_{vel} = 0.16 \text{ cm/cm} \times 0.01 \text{ cm/sec} / 0.35$

$GW_{vel} = 4.57 \times 10^{-3} \text{ cm/sec}$

$GW_{vel} = 394.8 \text{ cm/day}$

45.91 cm/day

86,400

## 5. INITIAL RISK EVALUATION

### 5.1. Potential Sources

Based on observations made during the fuel line replacement in September of 1996 and monitoring well installation in October of 1996, evidence suggests that petroleum contamination in site groundwater may be due to a fitting leak on the fuel lines near the southern end of the mid-grade unleaded and super unleaded USTs.

### 5.2. Potential Receptors

The nearest human receptors would be occupants of the site and the adjacent properties. Based on interviews with property occupants in the site building and in the commercial building northeast of the site, both structures appear to have poured concrete slab foundations without basements. A slab foundation reduces the likelihood of VOCs migrating from the site's soil into a structure.

The site and vicinity are served by private drinking water wells and a municipal sewer system. According to the Basic Well Data Sheets for the town of Dover, VT provided by the Water Supply Division of the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation there are numerous private drinking water wells within a half-mile radius of the site. The site drinking water well is located approximately 160 feet southwest of the southwest wall of the site building.

CEA personnel observed a drinking water well located beneath a commercial building approximately 100 feet northeast of the site, situated between Route 100 and the North Branch of the Deerfield River. CEA was unable to determine well construction data, such as the depth to bedrock, the depth of the well and the length

NEED LOCATIONS  
INFO  
BEDROCK  
DATA  
BY  
SITE  
UPGRADIENT

DOWNGRADIENT



construction data, such as the depth to bedrock, the depth of the well and the length of the well casing. Based on groundwater elevations gathered on October 30, 1996, this commercial building appears to be downgradient of the site.

The nearest environmental receptor, in addition to site soil and groundwater, appears to be the North Branch of the Deerfield River, approximately 125 feet northeast of the site. An assessment of the impact to the river from the release was not possible due to snow and ice cover.

*DOWNGRADIENT*

### 5.3. Contaminant Distribution

Contaminant levels, based on laboratory analysis of groundwater samples from the October 30, 1996 sampling event, are presented in the Groundwater Gradient with Analytical Data Map presented in Attachment 3.

- Approximately four inches of free phase product were observed in monitoring well CEA-2 at the time of the sampling event, however, bailing reduced all product. It is believed the product was from a minor surface spill. *now p.f*
- Benzene concentrations exceeding the VT DEC Groundwater Quality Enforcement Standards were found in groundwater from monitoring wells CEA-1, CEA-6 and MS-3.
- Xylene concentrations exceeding the VT DEC Groundwater Quality Enforcement Standards were found in groundwater from monitoring wells CEA-6.
- MTBE concentrations exceeding the Vermont Health Advisory Level were found in groundwater from monitoring wells CEA-1, CEA-6 and MS-3.

### 5.4. Contaminant Fate and Transport

Groundwater at the Christy's Market occurred between 3.63 and 4.50 below ground surface during the October 1996 sampling event. The hydraulic gradient between CEA-3 and CEA-1 was calculated to be approximately 0.16 cm/cm. In general, site soils consist of fine to medium grain sand with some gravel. Groundwater velocity at the site is approximately 394 cm/day to the east. Given these observations and assuming a homogeneous subsurface, it would appear that petroleum-related groundwater contamination at the site could migrate from the release area across the site to northeast corner in less than two weeks.



## 6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Conclusions and recommendations presented in this report are based solely on information obtained during the course of this investigation. Changes in site conditions, or information not available for review at the time of this investigation, may necessitate an update of these conclusions and recommendations.

### 6.1. Conclusions

- A petroleum release is evident at this site. Gasoline-related contaminants were detected in groundwater samples collected from site monitoring wells.
- Evidence suggests that the release may have originated from fuel lines near the southeastern ends of the USTs.
- Approximately four inches of free phase product were observed in monitoring well CEA-2, however, this was bailed, is <sup>NOT</sup> recurring and believed to have been from a minor surface spill.
- Field screening of soil samples during drilling revealed elevated VOC levels at depths of approximately five feet in boring CEA-6 and near the southeast side the USTs.
- Concentrations of Benzene and Xylenes detected in site groundwater exceed VT DEC Groundwater Enforcement Standards.
- Site soils consist primarily of sand with some gravel. Some dense clay layers were also noted during excavation. Groundwater occurred between approximately 3.63 and 4.50 below ground surface during the October 1996 sampling event and at approximately six feet below ground surface during excavation at the site in September of 1996. The hydraulic gradient between CEA-3 and CEA-1 was calculated to be approximately 0.16 cm/cm in an easterly direction.
- The site and vicinity are served by private drinking water wells and municipal sewer systems. The site drinking water well is located approximately 160 feet southwest of the southwest wall of the site building. Numerous private drinking water wells are located within a half-mile radius of the site. A drinking water well is located approximately 100 feet northeast of the site. The nearest human receptors would be occupants of the site. The nearest environmental receptor appears to be the North Branch of the Deerfield River, approximately 125 feet northeast of the site.

NEED MAP of LOCATIONS  
+ INFO



## 6.2. Recommendations

CEA, Inc. recommends that the VOC levels in groundwater from the seven site monitoring wells be monitored on a quarterly basis until compounds tested for are beneath applicable Groundwater Enforcement Standards for two consecutive sampling events. Monitoring of groundwater will include gauging of groundwater levels.

Two monitoring wells should be installed along the northeast side of Route 100 in the parking area between the road and the commercial building adjacent to the site. One monitoring well (CEA-7) will be across Route 100 from CEA-6 and the other monitoring well (CEA-8) will be approximately 125 feet southeast of CEA-7. The two monitoring wells will aid in assessing the potential for off-site migration of contaminants toward a drinking water well and the North Branch of the Deerfield River.

Quarterly groundwater monitoring will also include a visual inspection of the North Branch of the Deerfield River for impacts to the river from the release.

If available, well drilling data on the drinking water well across Route 100 will be reviewed. This data will provide information on the site subsurface and the risk posed to receptors by the release.

The approximately 30 cubic yards of contaminated soils stockpiled on site should be screened with a PID on a semiannual basis. Results of the soil screening will be incorporated into the appropriate quarterly groundwater monitoring reports. After the first soil screening event CEA will make recommendations as to whether continued monitoring or disposal is the most efficient resolution to the soil pile issue.

A bailing test will be conducted in three site monitoring wells to gather information on site hydraulic conductivity. This data will provide additional information on the potential for migration of contaminants to off-site locations.

GOOD  
ALSO NEED DATA 1/2 LOCATIONS ON PRIVATE WELLS IN AREA  
1) FAX MAP OF WELL LOCATIONS  
2) GW VEL SEEMS OFF BY  
1 QTR OF MAG.

~~CHECK RE ELIGIBILITY~~

DO GW REQUIRED SEEMS AHEAD - YES?

CALL INTERVIEW. TIME - YES - SEE IF NEED SAMPLE FOR  
NO - SOIL LT 50 YDS - NEED TO TAKE AT  
LEAST CORE SAMPLES.

TOTAL





## CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

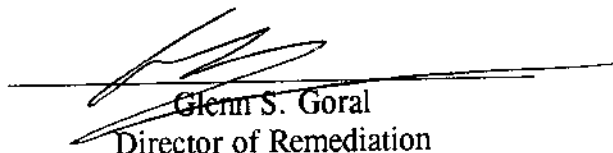
It is hereby certified that the methodologies, techniques and findings of this technical report have been conducted in accordance with relevant environmental regulations, applicable professional standards and prudent engineering practices and that the information, attached documents and data are true, accurate and complete to the best of our knowledge.

### Corporate Environmental Advisors, Inc.

P.O. Box 1246  
White River Junction, VT 05001  
(802) 295-5222



Paul S. Renouf  
Project Manager



Glenn S. Goral  
Director of Remediation

February 12, 1997

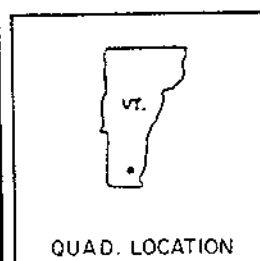
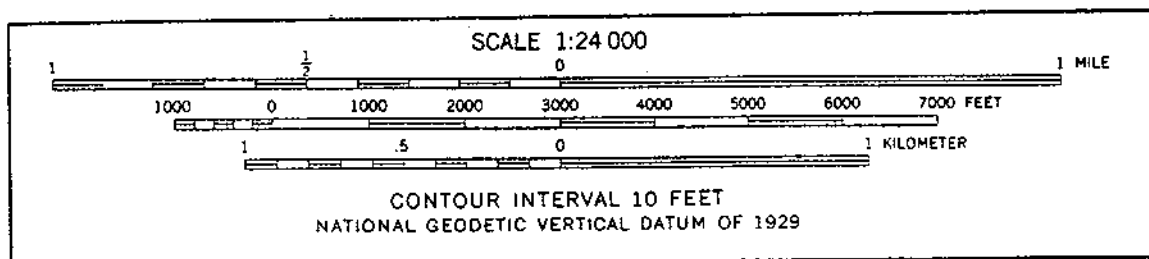
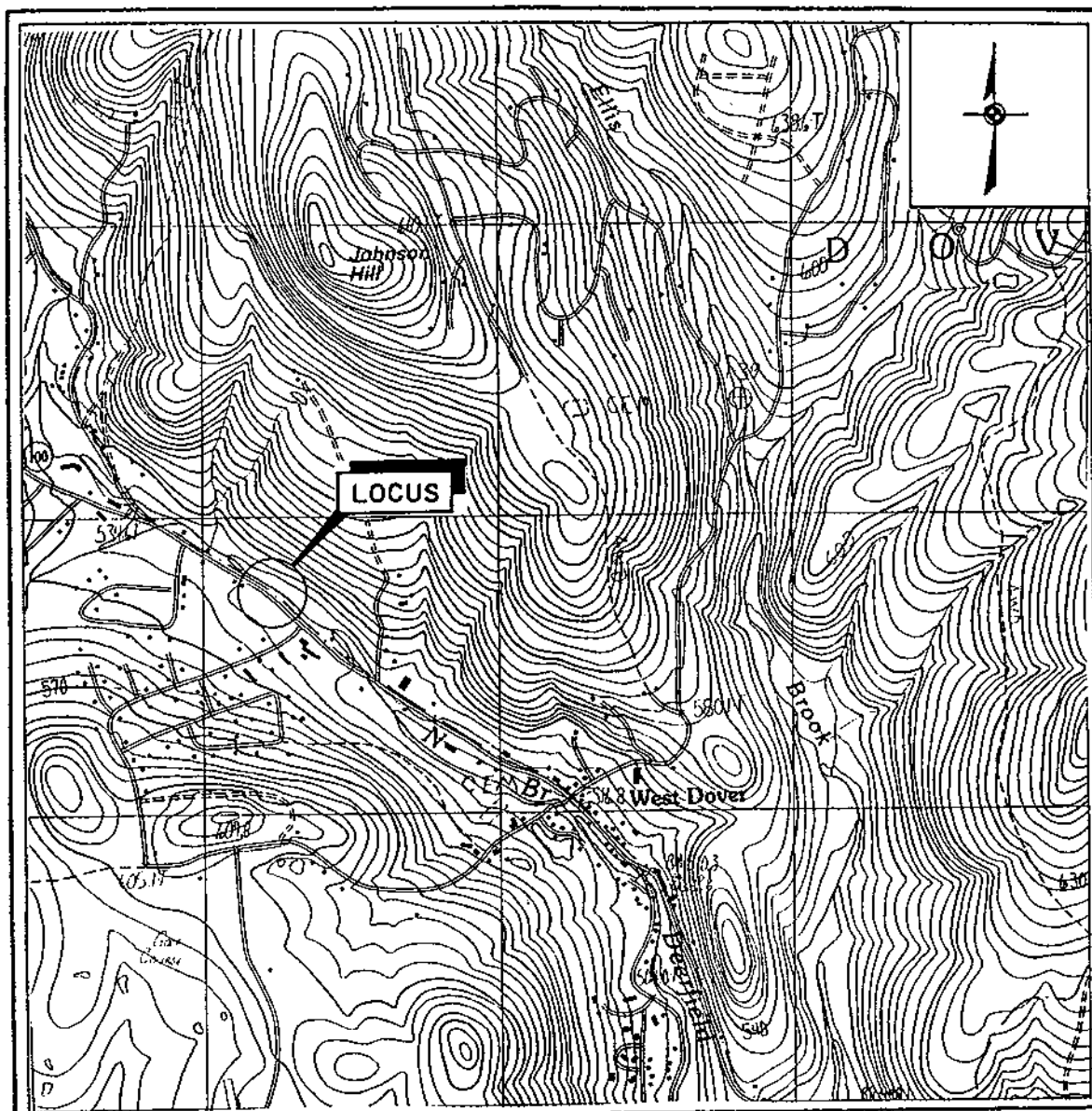
Site: Christy's Market  
Route 100  
West Dover, VT

CEA Ref. File # 3016-96-2

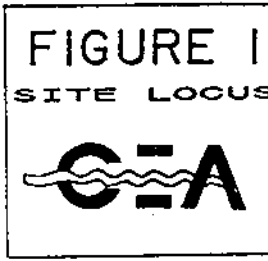


# FIGURE 1

Site Locus



WEST DOVER, VERMONT  
U.S.G.S. QUADRANGLE



## **FIGURE 2**

### **West Dover Tax Map**



## **FIGURE 3**

### **Groundwater Gradient with Analytical Data Map**

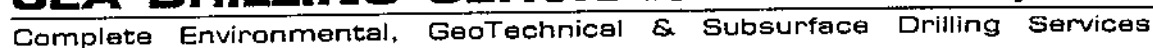


# **ATTACHMENT 1**

## **Soil Boring Logs**

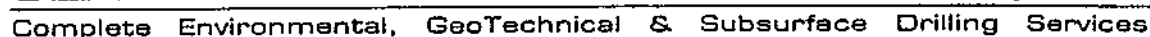






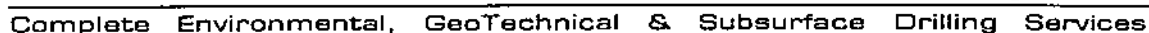
141 Ballard Street ■ Worcester, Massachusetts 01607 ■ 508-755-5201 ■ Fax 508-755-9462





Project #1704-93	Boring Well #CEA-2	Page 1 of 1
Location: Route 100	Owner/Client: Christy's	Date Drilled: 5/14/93
West Dover, VT.		Driller: P. Hatfield
Site Use: Gas Station/Convenience Store	Hole Diameter: 4.25"	Inspector: J. Gall
Drill Method: HSA	Total Depth: 10'	Project Mgr.: J. Gall
Sample Method: SS	CASING	SCREEN
Gravel Pack: #2 sand	TYPE: PVC	TYPE: PVC
Casing Seal: bentonite	DIAMETER: 2"	DIAMETER: 2"
Static Water Level: 5'	LENGTH: 2'	LENGTH: 8' SLOT: .010

[illegible]



Project #1704-93			Boring Well #CEA-1		Page 1 of 1	
Location: Route 100			Owner/Client: Christy's		Date Drilled: 5/14/93	
West Dover, VT.					Driller: P. Hatfield	
Well Use: Gas Station/Convenience Store			Hole Diameter: 4.25"		Inspector: J. Gall	
Drill Method: HSA			Total Depth: 8.5'		Project Mgr.: J. Gall	
Sample Method: SS			CASING		SCREEN	
Gravel Pack: #2 sand			TYPE: PVC		TYPE: PVC	
Casing Seal: bentonite			DIAMETER: 2"		DIAMETER: 2"	
Static Water Level: 4'			LENGTH: 1'		LENGTH: 7.5' SLOT: .010	
DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6" ON SAMPLER	PID (ppm)	WELL DESIGN	IDENTIFICATION OF SOILS/REMARKS	STRATA CHANGE
0-2'	S-1	Flight	0.0	C	Brown fine sand with cobbles and pebbles, dry, no odor	
5'-7'	S-2	7-8-15-30	6.0	C	Gray coarse sand with rock fragments "old" gas odor, wet	4' GW
8.5'	S-3	Grab	2.0	C	Gray very fine sand/silt, odor, wet	
					On rock -- drum cuttings	
					Auger Refusal 8.5	
					Set Well	



COL. A Water @ 5' :

STREET • P.O. BOX D  
FORD, CONNECTICUT 06497  
7988 • FAX #(203) 378-8736

PROJECT NAME Grampy's Texaco

LOCATION Route 100, West Dover, VT

BORING  
 NUMBER  
 MS1-01  
~~BWD1-01~~  
 SHEET  
 No. 1  
 of 1

ARCHITECT  
ENGINEER

Mark Burno

FILE NO. 1

SECTOR Armand

**TYPE**

Casing  
H.S.A.

**Samo**

### Core Based

SURFACE ELEV. \_\_\_\_\_ NA

DATE START 7-17-90

SIZE 1.0.

4 1 11

**HAMMER WT.**

## HAMMER FALL

LINE &amp; STATION \_\_\_\_\_ NA

OFFSET \_\_\_\_\_ NA \_\_\_\_\_

DATE FINISH 7-17-90

RES. 1) The stratification lines represent the approximate boundaries between soil types, transitions may be gradual.

2) Water level readings have been made in the drill holes at times and under conditions stated on the boring logs. Fluctuations in the level of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

140 lb. Wt. falling 30" on 2" O.D. Sampler

### Cohesionless Density

0-4	Very Loose
-----	------------

### 5.9 Lease

18-29	Med. DEATH
30-49	Deaths

50 + Very Dense

---

0.2 Very soft

3.4 Soft

3-8 M/Self  
9-15 Self

16-30 V.S. 117

11 - Hard

## PROPORTIONS

Trace 0 to 10%

10 to 20%

File 10 to 20%

some 20 to 35%

and 35 to 50%

\_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: Grab sample  
obtained from flyte.

COL. A Water @ 5'±

GROUNDWATER  
OBSERVATION WELL REPORT

FILE NO. 90233-56

PROJECT GRAMPY'S MOUNT SNOW TEXACO  
LOCATION WEST DOVER, VERMONT  
CLIENT CALLAHAN OIL  
CONTRACTOR ARMOR SHIELD  
DRILLER BINO BARROZO

BORING NO. MS2  
LOCATION SEE SKETCH  
INSTALLATION DATE 17 JULY 90  
H&A REP M. BURNO

SURVEY  
DATUM

GROUND  
ELEVATION

SAND and  
GRAVEL with  
cobbles

CEMENT

1.0

BENTONITE

2.0

FILTER  
SAND

8.0

Sandy SILT

10.0

COBBLES

ELEVATION OR STICKUP ABOVE/BELOW  
GROUND SURFACE OF CASING OR  
ROADWAY BOX

FLUSH

ELEVATION OR STICKUP ABOVE/BELOW  
GROUND SURFACE OF RISER PIPE

1.5 in.

THICKNESS OF SURFACE SEAL

1.0 ft.

TYPE OF SURFACE SEAL

CEMENT/  
BENTONITE

[INDICATE ALL SEALS SHOWING  
DEPTH, THICKNESS AND TYPE]

TYPE OF CASING

ROADWAY BOX

INSIDE DIAMETER OF CASING

12 in.

ELEVATION/DEPTH OF BOTTOM  
OF CASING

1.1 ft.

INSIDE DIAMETER OF RISER PIPE

2.0 in.

TYPE OF BACKFILL AROUND RISER

CEMENT/BENTONITE

DIAMETER OF BOREHOLE

8.25 in.

ELEVATION/DEPTH OF BOTTOM OF RISER

3 ft.

TYPE OF POINT OR MANUFACTURER

SLOTTED PVC

SCREEN GAUGE OR SIZE OF OPENINGS

0.020 in.

DIAMETER OF WELLPOINT

2.0 in.

TYPE OF BACKFILL AROUND POINT

FILTER SAND

ELEVATION/DEPTH OF BOTTOM OF POINT

10.5 ft.

ELEVATION/DEPTH OF BOTTOM  
OF BOREHOLE

10.5 ft.

[ FIGURES REFER TO: EL. \_\_\_\_\_ DEPTH \_\_\_\_\_ X ]

1.1 ft.

[ LENGTH OF CASING (L<sub>1</sub>) ]

3.0 ft.

[ LENGTH OF RISER PIPE (L<sub>2</sub>) ]

7.5 ft.

[ LENGTH OF POINT (L<sub>3</sub>) ]

10.5 ft.

[ PAY LENGTH ]



Haley &amp; Aldrich, Inc.

GROUNDWATER  
OBSERVATION WELL REPORT

WELL NO. MS1-DW

FILE NO. 90233-56

PROJECT GRAMPY'S MOUNT SNOW TEXACO

LOCATION WEST DOVER, VERMONT

CLIENT CALLAHAN OIL

CONTRACTOR ARMOR SHIELD

DRILLER BINO BARROZO

BORING NO. MS2

LOCATION SEE SKETCH

INSTALLATION DATE 17 JULY 90

H&amp;A REP M. BURNO

SURVEY  
DATUMGROUND  
ELEVATION

SUMMARIZE SOIL CONDITIONS (NOT TO SCALE)

ASPHALT  
0.2

CEMENT

1.0

SAND  
and  
GRAVEL

BENTONITE

2.0

FILTER SAND

6.5

Sandy SILT

COBBLES

ELEVATION OR STICKUP ABOVE/BELOW  
GROUND SURFACE OF CASING OR  
ROADWAY BOX

FLUSH

ELEVATION OR STICKUP ABOVE/BELOW  
GROUND SURFACE OF RISER PIPE

3 in.

THICKNESS OF SURFACE SEAL

1.0 ft.

TYPE OF SURFACE SEAL

[INDICATE ALL SEALS SHOWING  
DEPTH, THICKNESS AND TYPE]CEMENT/  
BENTONITE

TYPE OF CASING

ROADWAY BOX

INSIDE DIAMETER OF CASING

12 in.

ELEVATION/DEPTH OF BOTTOM  
OF CASING

1.1 ft.

INSIDE DIAMETER OF RISER PIPE

2.0 in.

TYPE OF BACKFILL AROUND RISER

CEMENT/BENTONITE

DIAMETER OF BOREHOLE

8.25 in.

ELEVATION/DEPTH OF BOTTOM OF RISER

2.5 ft.

TYPE OF POINT OR MANUFACTURER

SLOTTED PVC

SCREEN GAUGE OR SIZE OF OPENINGS

0.020 in.

DIAMETER OF WELLPOINT

2.0 in.

TYPE OF BACKFILL AROUND POINT

FILTER SAND

ELEVATION/DEPTH OF BOTTOM OF POINT

10.5 ft.

ELEVATION/DEPTH OF BOTTOM  
OF BOREHOLE

11.0 ft.

[ FIGURES REFER TO: EL. \_\_\_\_\_ DEPTH \_\_\_\_\_ X \_\_\_\_\_ ]

1.1 ft.

LENGTH OF CASING (L<sub>1</sub>)

2.5 ft.

LENGTH OF RISER PIPE (L<sub>2</sub>)

8.0 ft.

LENGTH OF POINT (L<sub>3</sub>)

10.5 ft.

PAY LENGTH



**141 Ballard Street • Worcester, Massachusetts 01607 • (508) 754-1080**

SITE Christy's Market

SITE Christy's Market

DATE 9/23/96

PROJECT NO. 3016-96-2 ref. # 1896

LOCATION W. Dover, Vt.

PROJECT NO.

INSPECTOR S. Hoppe

INSTRUMENT interface probe

CONVERSION: INCHES TO FRACTIONAL FEET

CONVERSION TABLE									
INCHES	MILLIMETERS	INCHES	MILLIMETERS	INCHES	MILLIMETERS	INCHES	MILLIMETERS	INCHES	MILLIMETERS
1/2	.04	2 1/2	.21	4 1/2	.37	6 1/2	.54	8 1/2	.70
1	.08	3	.25	5	.42	7	.58	9	.75
1 1/2	.12	3 1/2	.29	5 1/2	.46	7 1/2	.62	9 1/2	.79
2	.16	4	.33	6	.50	8	.66	10	.83
2 1/2	.21	6 1/2	.54	8 1/2	.70	10 1/2	.87		
3	.25	7	.58	9	.75	11	.91		
3 1/2	.29	7 1/2	.62	9 1/2	.79	11 1/2	.95		
4	.33	8	.66	10	.83				

# DRILEX

## ENVIRONMENTAL

Site: West Dover, VT		Construction	Feet BGS	Material Description		Symbol
Client: Christy's Market		Screen:	10 to 3	2" Sch 40 0.010 Slot PVC Screen		
Date: 29-Oct-96		Riser:	3 to 0	2" Sch 40 PVC riser		
Location: CEA-5		Sandpack:	10 to 2.5	# 2 Silica Sand		
Driller: Jody St. George		Seal:	2.5 to 2	Sodium Bentonite		
Inspector: W. Scott Hoppe		Backfill:	2 to 0	Concrete		
Depth (feet BGS)	Sample	Blow Counts per 6"	Recovery (inches)	Boring Detail	Soil Description	OVM (ppm)
4-6	S-1	10-15-30-33	N/A		Dark brown, medium dense, moist to wet SAND, some gravel	< 1
6-8	S-2	21-23-15-14	N/A			< 1
					Refusal @ 10' BGS	

DRILEX ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.  
127 HARTWELL STREET, WEST BOYLSTON, MA 01583  
TEL 508-835-6724 • FAX 508-835-6734



# DRILEX

## ENVIRONMENTAL

Site:	West Dover, VT	Construction	Feet BGS	Material Description	Symbol	
Client:	Christy's Market	Screen:	to			
Date:	29-Oct-96	Riser:	to			
Location:	CEA-6	Sandpack:	to			
Driller:	Jody St. George	Seal:	to			
Inspector:	W. Scott Hoppe	Backfill:	to			
Depth (feet BGS)	Sample	Blow Counts per 6"	Recovery (inches)	Boring Detail	Soil Description	OVM (ppm)
4-6						
	S-1	21-26-19-30	N/A		Light brown, moist, medium dense SAND	476
					No well construction data available	
					Refusal @ 6.5'	
Depth to Water:	5'	Portion	Percent	Hammer Weight: 140 Pounds		
Drilling Method:	HSA	And	35 to 50	Sampler Size: 2-Inch O.D. Split Spoon		
Drill Rig Type:	CME-75	Some	20 to 35	Hammer Fall: 30-Inches		
		Little	10 to 20	Note:		
Sheet Number:	of	Trace	0 to 10			

127 HARTWELL STREET, WEST BOYLSTON, MA 01583  
TEL 508-835-6724 • FAX 508-835-6734



# **ATTACHMENT 2**

## **Laboratory Analytical Reports**





SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

Massachusetts Certification M-MA 138  
Connecticut Approval # PH 0777  
Rhode Island # 98 & Maine # n/a  
New Hampshire ID#253893  
New York ID#11393  
Florida HRS87448

CEA, Inc.  
127 Hartwell Street  
West Boylston, MA 01583

November 11, 1996

Attn: Scott Hoppe

Client Project No.: 3016-962

Location: Christy's/Mt. Snow-W. Dover, VT

<u>Lab ID No.</u>	<u>Client ID</u>	<u>Analysis Requested</u>
AA63550	CEA-3	C93-EPA 602 C103-TPH by GC (water)
AA63551	CEA-5	C93-EPA 602 C103-TPH by GC (water)
AA63552	CEA-1	C93-EPA 602 C103-TPH by GC (water)
AA63553	MS-3	C93-EPA 602 C103-TPH by GC (water)
AA63554	CEA-6	C93-EPA 602 C103-TPH by GC (water)

NOV 20 1996

Authorized by

Hanibal Tayeh

President/Laboratory Director

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSES

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

## Laboratory Report

Client ID: CEA-1  
Lab ID No: AA63552

Location: Christy's/Mt. Snow-W. Dover, VT  
Client Job No.: 3016-962

Matrix: Water  
Collected: 10/30/96 by CEA  
Received on 10/31/96 by MD  
QC and Data Review by DDR

Preservative: Refrigeration  
Container : 1 Amber Glass Liter  
Condition of Sample as Received: Satisfactory  
Delivered by: Courier

### Total Hydrocarbons by GC Modified EPA Method 8100

Parameter	Result (mg/L)	MDL	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
Total Hydrocarbons (GC)	1.0		11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
<b>Fingerprint based quantification:</b>					
Gasoline	1.0	0.2	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #2	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #4	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #6	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Motor Oil	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Ligroin	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Aviation Fuel	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Other Oil	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Unidentified	Not detected		11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP

Petroleum identification is determined by comparing the GC fingerprint obtained from the sample with a library of GC fingerprints obtained from petroleum products. Possible match categories are as follows;

Gasoline - includes regular, unleaded, premium, etc.

Fuel Oil #2 - includes home heating oil, #2 fuel oil and diesel.

Fuel Oil #4 - Includes #4 Fuel Oil.

Fuel Oil #6 - includes #6 oil and bunker "C" oil.

Motor Oil - includes virgin and waste automobile.

Ligroin - includes mineral spirits, petroleum naphtha, vm&p naphtha.

Aviation Fuels - includes Kerosene, Jet A and JP-4.

Other Oil - includes lubricating and cutting oil and silicon oil.

Factors such as microbial degradation, weathering and solubility generally prevent specific identification within a petroleum category. A finding of "unidentified" means that the sample fingerprint was characteristic of a petroleum product, but could not be matched to a fingerprint in the library.

After fingerprint identification, the amount present in the sample is quantified using a calibration curve prepared from a petroleum product of the same category as the identified petroleum. Unidentified petroleum is quantified using a petroleum calibration that approximates the distribution of compounds in the sample.

A \* in the results column indicates the petroleum calibration used to quantify unidentified samples.

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

## Laboratory Report

Client ID: CEA-3  
Lab ID No: AA63550

Location: Christy's/Mt. Snow-W. Dover, VT  
Client Job No.: 3016-962

Matrix: Water  
Collected: 10/30/96 by CEA  
Received on 10/31/96 by MD  
QC and Data Review by DDR

Preservative: Refrigeration  
Container : 1 Amber Glass Liter  
Condition of Sample as Received: Satisfactory  
Delivered by: Courier

### Total Hydrocarbons by GC Modified EPA Method 8100

Parameter	Result (mg/L)	MDL	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
Total Hydrocarbons (GC)	7.3		11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP

#### Fingerprint based quantification:

Gasoline	Not detected	0.2	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #2	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #4	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #6	7.3	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Motor Oil	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Ligroin	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Aviation Fuel	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Other Oil	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Unidentified	Not detected		11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP

Petroleum identification is determined by comparing the GC fingerprint obtained from the sample with a library of GC fingerprints obtained from petroleum products. Possible match categories are as follows;

Gasoline - includes regular, unleaded, premium, etc.

Fuel Oil #2 - includes home heating oil, #2 fuel oil and diesel.

Fuel Oil #4 - Includes #4 Fuel Oil.

Fuel Oil #6 - includes #6 oil and bunker "C" oil.

Motor Oil - includes virgin and waste automobile.

Ligroin - includes mineral spirits, petroleum naphtha, vm&p naphtha.

Aviation Fuels - includes Kerosene, Jet A and JP-4.

Other Oil - includes lubricating and cutting oil and silicon oil.

Factors such as microbial degradation, weathering and solubility generally prevent specific identification within a petroleum category. A finding of "unidentified" means that the sample fingerprint was characteristic of a petroleum product, but could not be matched to a fingerprint in the library.

After fingerprint identification, the amount present in the sample is quantified using a calibration curve prepared from a petroleum product of the same category as the identified petroleum. Unidentified petroleum is quantified using a petroleum calibration that approximates the distribution of compounds in the sample.

A \* in the results column indicates the petroleum calibration used to quantify unidentified samples.

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

## Laboratory Report

Client ID: CEA-5  
Lab ID No: AA63551

Location: Christy's/Mt. Snow-W. Dover, VT  
Client Job No.: 3016-962

Matrix: Water  
Collected: 10/30/96 by CEA  
Received on 10/31/96 by MD  
QC and Data Review by DDR

Preservative: Refrigeration  
Container : 1 Amber Glass Liter  
Condition of Sample as Received: Satisfactory  
Delivered by: Courier

### Total Hydrocarbons by GC Modified EPA Method 8100

Parameter	Result (mg/L)	MDL	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
Total Hydrocarbons (GC)	0.3		11/04/96	11/05/96	ATP
<b>Fingerprint based quantification:</b>					
Gasoline	0.3	0.2	11/04/96	11/05/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #2	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/05/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #4	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/05/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #6	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/05/96	ATP
Motor Oil	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/05/96	ATP
Ligroin	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/05/96	ATP
Aviation Fuel	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/05/96	ATP
Other Oil	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/05/96	ATP
Unidentified	Not detected		11/04/96	11/05/96	ATP

Petroleum identification is determined by comparing the GC fingerprint obtained from the sample with a library of GC fingerprints obtained from petroleum products. Possible match categories are as follows;

Gasoline - includes regular, unleaded, premium, etc.

Fuel Oil #2 - includes home heating oil, #2 fuel oil and diesel.

Fuel Oil #4 - Includes #4 Fuel Oil.

Fuel Oil #6 - includes #6 oil and bunker "C" oil.

Motor Oil - includes virgin and waste automobile.

Ligroin - includes mineral spirits, petroleum naphtha, vm&p naphtha.

Aviation Fuels - includes Kerosene, Jet A and JP-4.

Other Oil - includes lubricating and cutting oil and silicon oil.

Factors such as microbial degradation, weathering and solubility generally prevent specific identification within a petroleum category. A finding of "unidentified" means that the sample fingerprint was characteristic of a petroleum product, but could not be matched to a fingerprint in the library.

After fingerprint identification, the amount present in the sample is quantified using a calibration curve prepared from a petroleum product of the same category as the identified petroleum. Unidentified petroleum is quantified using a petroleum calibration that approximates the distribution of compounds in the sample.

A \* in the results column indicates the petroleum calibration used to quantify unidentified samples.



# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

## Laboratory Report

Client ID: CEA-6  
Lab ID No: AA63554

Location: Christy's/Mt. Snow-W. Dover, VT  
Client Job No.: 3016-962

Matrix: Water  
Collected: 10/30/96 by CEA  
Received on 10/31/96 by MD  
QC and Data Review by DDR

Preservative: Refrigeration  
Container : 1 Amber Glass Liter  
Condition of Sample as Received: Satisfactory  
Delivered by: Courier

### Total Hydrocarbons by GC Modified EPA Method 8100

Parameter	Result (mg/L)	MDL	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
Total Hydrocarbons (GC)	20		11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
<b>Fingerprint based quantification:</b>					
Gasoline	20	0.2	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #2	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #4	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #6	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Motor Oil	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Ligroin	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Aviation Fuel	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Other Oil	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Unidentified	Not detected		11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP

Petroleum identification is determined by comparing the GC fingerprint obtained from the sample with a library of GC fingerprints obtained from petroleum products. Possible match categories are as follows;

- Gasoline - includes regular, unleaded, premium, etc.
- Fuel Oil #2 - includes home heating oil, #2 fuel oil and diesel.
- Fuel Oil #4 - Includes #4 Fuel Oil.
- Fuel Oil #6 - includes #6 oil and bunker "C" oil.
- Motor Oil - includes virgin and waste automobile.
- Ligroin - includes mineral spirits, petroleum naphtha, vm&p naphtha.
- Aviation Fuels - includes Kerosene, Jet A and JP-4.
- Other Oil - includes lubricating and cutting oil and silicon oil.

Factors such as microbial degradation, weathering and solubility generally prevent specific identification within a petroleum category. A finding of "unidentified" means that the sample fingerprint was characteristic of a petroleum product, but could not be matched to a fingerprint in the library.

After fingerprint identification, the amount present in the sample is quantified using a calibration curve prepared from a petroleum product of the same category as the identified petroleum. Unidentified petroleum is quantified using a petroleum calibration that approximates the distribution of compounds in the sample.

A \* in the results column indicates the petroleum calibration used to quantify unidentified samples.

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

## Laboratory Report

Client ID: MS-3  
Lab ID No: AA63553

Location: Christy's/Mt. Snow-W. Dover, VT  
Client Job No.: 3016-962

Matrix: Water  
Collected: 10/30/96 by CEA  
Received on 10/31/96 by MD  
QC and Data Review by DDR

Preservative: Refrigeration  
Container : 1 Amber Glass Liter  
Condition of Sample as Received: Satisfactory  
Delivered by: Courier

### Total Hydrocarbons by GC Modified EPA Method 8100

Parameter	Result (mg/L)	MDL	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
Total Hydrocarbons (GC)	0.7		11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP

#### Fingerprint based quantification:

Gasoline	0.7	0.2	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #2	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #4	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Fuel Oil #6	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Motor Oil	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Ligroin	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Aviation Fuel	Not detected	0.4	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Other Oil	Not detected	0.7	11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP
Unidentified	Not detected		11/04/96	11/06/96	ATP

Petroleum identification is determined by comparing the GC fingerprint obtained from the sample with a library of GC fingerprints obtained from petroleum products. Possible match categories are as follows;

Gasoline - includes regular, unleaded, premium, etc.

Fuel Oil #2 - includes home heating oil, #2 fuel oil and diesel.

Fuel Oil #4 - Includes #4 Fuel Oil.

Fuel Oil #6 - includes #6 oil and bunker "C" oil.

Motor Oil - includes virgin and waste automobile.

Ligroin - includes mineral spirits, petroleum naphtha, vm&p naphtha.

Aviation Fuels - includes Kerosene, Jet A and JP-4.

Other Oil - includes lubricating and cutting oil and silicon oil.

Factors such as microbial degradation, weathering and solubility generally prevent specific identification within a petroleum category. A finding of "unidentified" means that the sample fingerprint was characteristic of a petroleum product, but could not be matched to a fingerprint in the library.

After fingerprint identification, the amount present in the sample is quantified using a calibration curve prepared from a petroleum product of the same category as the identified petroleum. Unidentified petroleum is quantified using a petroleum calibration that approximates the distribution of compounds in the sample.

A \* in the results column indicates the petroleum calibration used to quantify unidentified samples.

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

## Laboratory Report

Sample ID: CEA-1  
Lab ID No: AA63552

Location: Christy's/Mt. Snow-W. Dover, VT  
Client Job No: 3016-962

Matrix: Water  
Sampled on 10/30/96 by CEA  
Received on 10/31/96 by MD  
QC and Data Review by DDR

Preservative: Refrigeration, HCl  
Container: 2 VOA Vials  
Condition of Sample as Received: Satisfactory  
Delivered by: Courier

### Volatile Aromatics

EPA Method 602/8020

Parameter	Result (ug/L)	MDL	Analyzed	Analyst
Benzene	43	10	11/11/96	NB
Toluene	7.9	10	11/11/96	NB
Ethylbenzene	33	10	11/11/96	NB
m,p-Xylenes	Not detected	10	11/11/96	NB
o-Xylene	9.4	10	11/11/96	NB
Chlorobenzene	Not detected	5	11/11/96	NB
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	5	11/11/96	NB
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	5	11/11/96	NB
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	5	11/11/96	NB
Methyl-t-butyl-ether	600	10	11/11/96	NB
TFT Surrogate Recovery (%)	96		11/11/96	NB

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

## Laboratory Report

Sample ID: CEA-3  
Lab ID No: AA63550

Location: Christy's/Mt. Snow-W. Dover, VT  
Client Job No: 3016-962

Matrix: Water  
Sampled on 10/30/96 by CEA  
Received on 10/31/96 by MD  
QC and Data Review by DDR

Preservative: Refrigeration, HCl  
Container: 2 VOA Vials  
Condition of Sample as Received: Satisfactory  
Delivered by: Courier

### Volatile Aromatics

EPA Method 602/8020

Parameter	Result (ug/L)	MDL	Analyzed	Analyst
Benzene	Not detected	2.5	11/07/96	NB
Toluene	Not detected	2.5	11/07/96	NB
Ethylbenzene	Not detected	2.5	11/07/96	NB
m,p-Xylenes	Not detected	5	11/07/96	NB
o-Xylene	Not detected	2.5	11/07/96	NB
Chlorobenzene	Not detected	2.5	11/07/96	NB
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	2.5	11/07/96	NB
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	2.5	11/07/96	NB
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	2.5	11/07/96	NB
Methyl-t-butyl-ether	Not detected	2.5	11/07/96	NB
TFT Surrogate Recovery (%)	103		11/07/96	NB

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

## Laboratory Report

Sample ID: CEA-5  
Lab ID No: AA63551

Location: Christy's/Mt. Snow-W. Dover, VT  
Client Job No: 3016-962

Matrix: Water  
Sampled on 10/30/96 by CEA  
Received on 10/31/96 by MD  
QC and Data Review by DDR

Preservative: Refrigeration, HCl  
Container: 2 VOA Vials  
Condition of Sample as Received: Satisfactory  
Delivered by: Courier

### Volatile Aromatics

EPA Method 602/8020

Parameter	Result (ug/L)	MDL	Analyzed	Analyst
Benzene	1.5	1	11/11/96	NB
Toluene	Not detected	1	11/11/96	NB
Ethylbenzene	Not detected	1	11/11/96	NB
m,p-Xylenes	Not detected	2	11/11/96	NB
o-Xylene	Not detected	1	11/11/96	NB
Chlorobenzene	Not detected	1	11/11/96	NB
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	1	11/11/96	NB
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	1	11/11/96	NB
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	1	11/11/96	NB
Methyl-t-butyl-ether	21	1	11/11/96	NB
TFT Surrogate Recovery (%)	100		11/11/96	NB

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

## Laboratory Report

Sample ID: CEA-6  
Lab ID No: AA63554

Location: Christy's/Mt. Snow-W. Dover, VT  
Client Job No: 3016-962

Matrix: Water  
Sampled on 10/30/96 by CEA  
Received on 10/31/96 by MD  
QC and Data Review by DDR

Preservative: Refrigeration, HCl  
Container: 2 VOA Vials  
Condition of Sample as Received: Satisfactory  
Delivered by: Courier

### Volatile Aromatics

EPA Method 602/8020

Parameter	Result (ug/L)	MDL	Analyzed	Analyst
Benzene	1,300	20	11/11/96	NB
Toluene	2,400	20	11/11/96	NB
Ethylbenzene	230	20	11/11/96	NB
m,p-Xylenes	2,000	40	11/11/96	NB
o-Xylene	1,400	20	11/11/96	NB
Chlorobenzene	Not detected	10	11/11/96	NB
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	10	11/11/96	NB
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	10	11/11/96	NB
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	10	11/11/96	NB
Methyl-t-butyl-ether	3,600	20	11/11/96	NB
TFT Surrogate Recovery (%)	90		11/11/96	NB

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

## Laboratory Report

Sample ID: MS-3  
Lab ID No: AA63553

Location: Christy's/Mt. Snow-W. Dover, VT  
Client Job No: 3016-962

Matrix: Water  
Sampled on 10/30/96 by CEA  
Received on 10/31/96 by MD  
QC and Data Review by DDR

Preservative: Refrigeration, HCl  
Container: 2 VOA Vials  
Condition of Sample as Received: Satisfactory  
Delivered by: Courier

### Volatile Aromatics

EPA Method 602/8020

Parameter	Result (ug/L)	MDL	Analyzed	Analyst
Benzene	21	2	11/11/96	NB
Toluene	4.2	2	11/11/96	NB
Ethylbenzene	18	2	11/11/96	NB
m,p-Xylenes	Not detected	4	11/11/96	NB
o-Xylene	4.4	2	11/11/96	NB
Chlorobenzene	Not detected	1	11/11/96	NB
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	1	11/11/96	NB
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	1	11/11/96	NB
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Not detected	1	11/11/96	NB
Methyl-t-butyl-ether	370	2	11/11/96	NB
TFT Surrogate Recovery (%)	97		11/11/96	NB

# Spectrum Analytical, Inc. Laboratory Report Supplement

## References

- Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Drinking Water. EPA-600/4-88/039. EMSL 1988.
- Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-79-020. EMSL 1983.
- Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Wastewater. EPA 600/4-82-057. EMSL 1982.
- Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste. Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastes. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 16th Edition. 1985.
- Standard Methods for Comparison of Waterborne Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. ASTM D 3328. 1982.
- Oil Spill Identification System. U.S. Coast Guard CG-D-52-77. 1977.
- Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. EMSL 1979.
- Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analyses. EPA 600/4-85/056. EMSL 1985.

## Report Notations

Not Detected,	=	The compound was not detected at a concentration
Not Det, ND or nd		equal to or above the established method detection
		limit.
NC	=	Not Calculated
VOA	=	Volatile Organic Analysis
BFB	=	4-Bromofluorobenzene (an EPA 624 Surrogate)
p-DFB	=	1,4-Difluorobenzene (an EPA 624 Surrogate)
CLB-d5	=	Chlorobenzene-d5 (an EPA 624 Surrogate)
BCP	=	2-Bromo-1-chloropropane (an EPA 601 Surrogate)
TFT	=	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene (an EPA 602 Surrogate)
Decachlorobiphenyl	=	(An EPA 608/8080 Surrogate)

## Definitions

**Surrogate Recovery** = The recovery (expressed as a percent) of a non method analyte (see surrogates listed above) added to the sample for the purpose of monitoring system performance.

**Matrix Spike Recovery** = The recovery (expressed as a percent) of method analytes added to the sample for the purpose of determining any effect of sample composition on analyte recovery.

**Laboratory Replicate** = Two sample aliquots taken in the analytical laboratory and analyzed separately with identical procedures. Analyses of laboratory duplicates give a measure of the precision associated with laboratory procedures, but not with sample collection, preservation, or storage procedures.

**Field Duplicate** = Two separate samples collected at the same time and place under identical circumstances and treated exactly the same throughout field and laboratory procedures. Analysis of Field duplicates give a measure of the precision associated with sample collection, preservation and storage, as well as with laboratory procedures.

**Relative Percent Difference (% RPD)** = The precision measurement obtained on duplicate/replicate analyses. %RPD is calculated as:

$$\%RPD = \frac{|value1 - value2|}{ave. value} * 100\%$$



**SA**

Page \_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_

11 Almgren Drive • Acawam, Massachusetts 01001 • 413-789-9018 • Fax 413-789-4076

# UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK PERMANENT CLOSURE FORM

## AGENCY USE ONLY

Sched. closure date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Facility Town: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Facility ID#: \_\_\_\_\_  
 DEC Official: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evaluated by: \_\_\_\_\_

VERMONT AGENCY OF NATURAL RESOURCES  
 DEPT. OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION  
 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS MANAGEMENT DIV.  
 103 SOUTH MAIN STREET, WEST BUILDING  
 WATERBURY, VERMONT 05671-0404  
 TELEPHONE: (802) 241-3888

Company conducting  
 site assessment: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Person conducting  
 site assessment: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Telephone number of  
 company for permits: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date of UST closure: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date of site assessment: \_\_\_\_\_

This Closure Form may only be used for the facility and date indicated in the upper left hand corner. Changes in the scheduled closure date should be phoned in at least 48 hours in advance. Both the yellow and white copies must be returned to the above address; the pink copy should be retained by the UST owner. A written report from an environmental consultant covering all aspects of closure and site assessment, complete with photographs and any other relevant data, must accompany this form. All procedures must be conducted by qualified personnel - including training required by 29 CFR 1910.120. Documentation of all methods and materials used must be adequate. All work must be performed in compliance with DEC policy "UST Closure and Site Assessment Requirements" as well as all applicable statutes, regulations, and additional policies. The DEC may reject inadequate closure forms and reports.

### Section A. Facility Information:

Name of Facility: Christy's Market Number of Employees: 15  
 Street address of facility: Route 100, P.O. Box 969, West Dover, VT  
 Owner of UST(s) to be closed: Christy's Market  
 Name of Contact and telephone number if different from owner: Mr. Tom Wilburn  
 Mailing address of owner: 22 Christy's Drive, Brockton, MA 02401  
 Telephone number of owner: (508) 588-0474

### Section B. UST Closure Information: (please check one)

Reason for initiating UST Closure: Suspected Leak Liability ☒ Replacement Abandoned

Which portion of UST is being closed: Tanks ☒ Piping Tanks & Piping

USTs undergoing permanent closure. Include condition and if leaks were found:

UST#	Product	Size (gallons)	Tank age	Tank condition	Piping age	Piping condition

Which tanks, if any, will be closed in-place (must have approval from DEC) \_\_\_\_\_

Disposal/destruction of removed UST(s):

Location \_\_\_\_\_ Date / / Method \_\_\_\_\_ Date / /

Amount (gal.) and type of waste generated from USTs: \_\_\_\_\_

Tank cleaning company (must be listed in confined space entry): \_\_\_\_\_

Certified hazardous waste hauler (tank contents are hazardous waste unless recovered and usable product): \_\_\_\_\_

Hazardous waste generator ID number: \_\_\_\_\_

USTs not closed. This portion must be filled in to include all USTs, regardless of size, and status, \*whether "abandoned", "in use", "to be installed", or "not aware of any other tanks on-site". Remember: most new installations require permits and advance notice to this office.

UST#	Product	Size (gallons)	Tank age	*Tank Status	Piping Age	*Piping Status
1	Diesel Fuel	8,000	14 years	in use	14 years	replaced
2	S. Unleaded	8,000	14 years	in use	14 years	replaced
3	mid-grade unleaded	8,000	14 years	in use	14 years	replaced
4	regular unleaded	8,000	14 years	in use	14 years	replaced
5	Kerosene	4,000	14 years	in use	14 years	replaced

### Section C. Initial site characterization:

Work in this section must be completed by a professional environmental consultant or hydrogeologist with experience in environmental sampling for the presence of hazardous materials. A full report from the consultant must accompany this form.

Excavation size (ft<sup>3</sup>): 1,600 Excavation depth (ft): up to 8 ft Soil type: Sand & Gravelly Sand Bedrock depth (ft): >8 ft  
 PID Information: Make: Thermo Electron Model: 580B

PID Calibration information: Date 9/16/96 Time 16:30 Type of Gas Isobutylene  
Contamination detected with PID (ppm): Peak 341 Depth of peak (ft) 5 Avg 133  
Soil samples collected for laboratory analysis? Yes        # of samples        No       

(show locations and depth of all readings and samples on diagram).

Have soils been polyencapsulated on site? Yes X list amount (cu. yds.): 30 No       

Have any soils been transported off site? Yes        list amount (cu. yds.):        No X

Location transported to:       

Name of DEC official granting approval to transport soils:        Date:   /  /  

Amount of soils backfilled. (cu. yds.):       , Avg. PID       

Have limits of contamination been defined? Yes        No X

Are you aware of any other contaminants which may be present? Yes        No X

Comments:       

Free phase product encountered? Yes        thickness        No X

Groundwater encountered? Yes X depth(ft) 6 No       

Were there existing monitoring wells on site? Yes X (# samples taken 0) No       

Have new monitoring wells been installed? Yes        (# samples taken       ) No X

Samples collected from monitoring wells for lab analysis? Yes        No X

(include well location, background readings, and laboratory results if applicable in a separate report and on the site diagram)

Is there a water supply well or spring on site? Yes X (check type: shallow        rock        spring       ) No       

How many public water supply wells are located within a 0.5 mile radius? No        min. distance (ft):       

How many private water supply wells are located within a 0.5 mile radius? Yes        min. distance (ft): 400

What receptors have been impacted? X soil        indoor air X groundwater        surface water        water supply

**Section D. Statements of UST closure compliance:** (must have both signatures or else statement not complete)

As the party responsible for compliance with the Vermont UST Regulations and related statutes at this facility, I hereby certify that all of the information provided on this form is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

[Signature]  
Signature of UST owner or owner's authorized representative

Date: 9-23-96

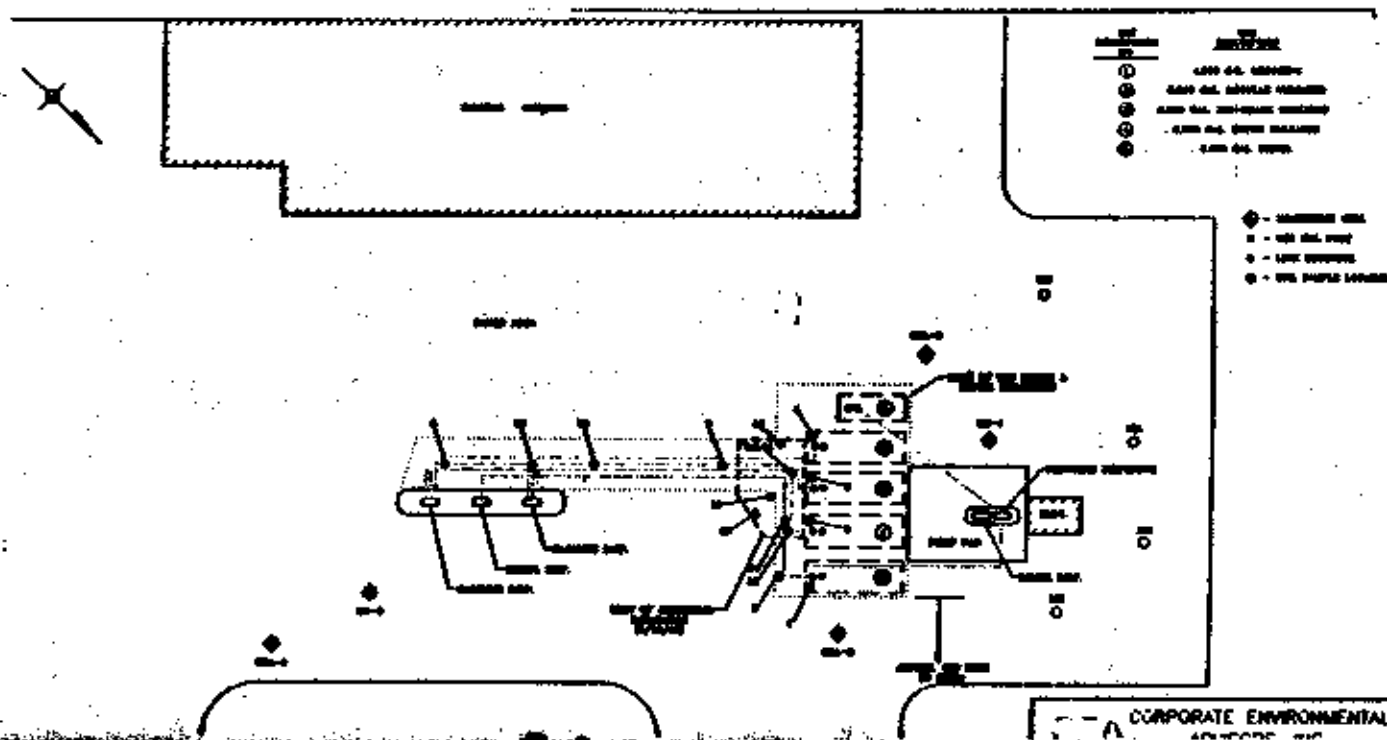
As the environmental consultant on site, I hereby certify that the site assessment requirements were performed in accordance with DEC policy and regulations, and that information which I have provided on this form is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

[Signature]  
Signature of Environmental Consultant

Date: 9-23-96

**SITE DIAGRAM**

Show location of all tanks and distance to permanent structures, sample points, areas of contamination, potential receptors and any pertinent site information. Indicate North arrow and major street names or route number.



Return form along with complete narrative report and photographs to the Department of Environmental Conservation, Underground Storage Tank Program within 72 hours of closure.

# **ATTACHMENT 4**

## **List of Abutting Property Owners**



Initial Site Investigation Report  
Christy's Market, West Dover, Vermont

Lot# RT069      3 acres commercial  
Christy's Market, Inc.  
22 Christy's Drive  
Brockton, MA 02401

Lot# RT067      1 acre commercial  
Barber E.G. Trust  
P.O. Box 37  
West Dover, VT 05356-0037

Lot# 075          8.27 acres commercial  
Cullen 1985 Trust  
P.O. Box 306  
West Dover, VT 05356-0306

Lot# 071          2 acres commercial  
R. & E. Teodorini (Trustees)  
P.O. Box 111  
West Dover, VT 05356-0111

Lot # 068      2 acres R1  
Fernet Construction  
c/o J.A. Fernet  
HCR #63 Box 2  
West Dover, VT 05356

Lot# 066          1 acre commercial  
Brook House  
P.O. Box 38  
West Dover, VT 05356-0038

Lot #SA  
Swiss Alps Condominiums (various owners):

Nikituk, S & C  
296 Neck Rd.  
Madison, CT 06443

Schletter, D & J  
17 Marycrest Rd.  
West Nyack, NY 10994

Loschiavo, J & S  
35 Driftway Rd.  
Danbury, CT 06811

Petrizzi, M & R  
28 Royal Road  
Rockville Centre, NY 11570



Initial Site Investigation Report  
Christy's Market, West Dover, Vermont

Knapp, J & C  
249 Isinglass Rd.  
Shelton, CT 06484

Bastek, W & M  
430 Park Ridge Lane (Apt. M)  
Winston Salem, NC 27104

Cohen, R & L  
55 Knolls Drive  
Manhasset Hills, NY 11040

Zacks, L & C  
310 West Lake Blvd.  
Mahopac, NY 10541



# **ATTACHMENT 5**

## **Limitations**

## LIMITATIONS

1. The sole purpose of the investigation and of this report is to assess the physical characteristics of the Site with respect to the presence or absence in the environment of oil and/or hazardous materials and substances as defined in the applicable state and federal environmental laws and regulations, and to gather information regarding current and past environmental conditions at the Site.
2. Corporate Environmental Advisors, Inc. (CEA) derived the data in this report primarily from visual inspections, examination of records in the public domain, interviews with individuals with information about the Site, and a limited number of subsurface explorations made on the dates indicated. The passage of time, manifestation of latent conditions or occurrence of future events may require further exploration at the Site, analysis of the data, and reevaluation of the findings, observations, and conclusions expressed in the report in accordance with local, state, and Federal regulations.
3. In preparing this report, CEA has relied upon, and presumed accurate, certain information (or the absence thereof) about the Site and adjacent properties provided by governmental officials and agencies, the Client, and others identified herein. Except as otherwise stated in the report, CEA has not attempted to verify the accuracy or completeness of any such information which is outside of the approved scope of this project.
4. The data reported and the findings, observations, and conclusions expressed in the report are limited by the Scope of Work, including the extent of subsurface exploration and other tests. The Scope of Work was defined by the requests of the Client, the time and budgetary constraints imposed by the Client, and the availability of access to the Site.
5. Because of the limitations stated above, the findings, observations, and conclusions expressed by CEA in this report are not, and should not be considered, an opinion concerning the compliance of any past or present owner or operator of the site with any federal, state or local law or regulation. No warranty or guarantee, whether express or implied, is made with respect to the data reported or findings, observations, and conclusions expressed in this report. Further, such data, findings, observations, and conclusions are based solely upon site conditions in existence at the time of investigation.





6. This report has been prepared on behalf of and for the exclusive use of the Client, and is subject to and issued in connection with the Agreement and the provisions thereof.

7. This report was prepared in accordance with generally accepted environmental engineering practice. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

